PART A - LISTENING

TIME SUGGESTED: 20 minutes

SECTION 1. You will listen to a radio programme. You may take notes as you listen, but they are for your own use in answering the questions and will not be graded. Listen to the lecture and answer questions 1-5.

YOU MAY TAKE NOTES HERE. YOUR NOTES WILL NOT BE GRADED.

ANSWER QUESTIONS 1-5 BASED ON INFORMATION JUST DISCUSSED IN THE PROGRAMME. YOU MAY USE YOUR NOTES TO HELP YOU.

1. What is the programme about?
   a. Regents Arts Centre.
   b. Run on Saturday and Sunday.
   c. Wild Life Film Festival.
   d. Weather about the 8th.

2. What can you infer from his tone of voice about giving the time of “My life as an Ant”?
   a. He is definitely sure about it.
   b. He needs confirmation.
   c. He is not doubtful.
   d. He doesn’t need any clarification.

3. Which film in the festival won a TVE Award?
   a. My Life as an Ant
   b. Ocean Oasis
   c. Riverhorse
   d. The Mystery of Yunnan Snub-nosed Monkey

4. What is the story of Riverhorse about?
   a. A river horse in the UK.
   b. Crocodiles and other river animals.
   c. A hippo family living by a river.
   d. Panda behaviors.

5. Which production company below was NOT in the festival?
   a. Japanese
   b. Mexican
   c. American
   d. Chinese

(Recording adapted from “Focus on IELTS Foundation” by Sue O’Connell, Pearson Educated Limited, China 2006)
SECTION 2. Listen to this telephone conversation between two people. You may take notes as you listen, but they are for your own use in answering the questions and will not be graded. Listen to the lecture and answer questions 6-10.

YOU MAY TAKE NOTES HERE. YOUR NOTES WILL NOT BE GRADED.

ANSWER QUESTIONS 6-10 BASED ON INFORMATION JUST DISCUSSED IN THE CONVERSATION. YOU MAY USE YOUR NOTES TO HELP YOU.

6. How did Maria learn about the club?
   a. From the Union.
   b. From the students.
   c. From a friend.
   d. From a newsletter.

7. What was the original purpose of the club?
   a. Establishing gatherings.
   b. Promoting international understanding.
   c. Meeting on Thursday evenings.
   d. Relaxing and making friends.

8. What can you get if you actively participate in the club?
   a. Newsletter
   b. Trip to London or Oxford
   c. Special certificates
   d. Full membership

9. How much will you pay to the club for a whole academic year including one trip?
   a. £5
   b. £12
   c. £15
   d. £22.

10. What do people think about Maria by taking her accent into consideration?
    a. She is Australian but she is actually South African.
    b. She is South African but she is actually Australian.
    c. She is Austrian but she is originally South African.
    d. She is South African but originally she is Australian.

(Recording adapted from “Focus on IELTS Foundation” by Sue O’Connell, Pearson Educated Limited, China 2006)
Culture Clash?

It was the World Cup Final of France '98 that sparked the introduction of television in Bhutan. The 3-0 victory of the home side over Brazil was watched by thousands on a big screen in Bhutan’s National Square. (1) Six months after that, global TV broadcasting was allowed in. It was this second development that really made people wake up to life in the twentieth century and caused profound change, according to TV analyst Shockshan Peck. “Young people are now much more in tune with globalization and what is happening around the world,” she says. “The risk is that the more we learn about the world, the more we lose of our own culture.”

Bhutan has no film industry to speak of, and after a diet of cultural educational programmes from the BBC, some Bhutanese began to look for something more spicy. (2) The TV avalanche began, along with it came a change in people’s lifestyles. Residents of the capital, Thimphu, say they are now glued to the TV for several hours a day, and often stay up late to watch the non-stop stream of programmes. Long-running Indian soap operas beamed across the border are hot favourites. One viewer, Choki Wangmo, says that her children go out and play less, and that television dominates family discussion these days. Her son, Ugyen, admits that his studies are affected because he cannot concentrate in the classroom. “I keep thinking about what will happen next in the story,” he says. Also popular are cartoons, football matches, and the wrestling series from the US. (3) Kinley Dorji, editor of Bhutan’s only newspaper, says that when TV first came in, he received several pained letters from students, saying they were shocked. “Bhutanese kids who have grown up in this quiet country, this very rustic society, suddenly saw these big men beating each other up on television. They couldn’t understand it.” (4) “We received a report from a school where a student broke his arm after being thrown to the ground by his friend, who was emulating the wrestlers.” Kinley Dorji says that television is ‘splitting’ Bhutanese society. He explains that the thinking in the country is that it will never be a military or economic power, so its strength must be its unique society. He explains that TV represents a direct threat to this. (5) “If you look at the items being stolen, like TV sets, tape recorders and clothes, it’s directly related to what they are seeing,” he adds.

11. Which sentence fits the first gap (1…) in the text?
   a. I  b. II  c. V  d. IV

12. Which sentence fits the second gap (2…) in the text?
   a. I  b. II  c. III  d. VI

13. Which sentence fits the third gap (3…) in the text?
   a. I  b. IV  c. V  d. VI

14. Which sentence fits the fourth gap (4…) in the text?
   a. II  b. III  c. V  d. VI

15. Which sentence fits the fifth gap (5…) in the text?
   a. I  b. II  c. III  d. IV
**TEXT 2: Read the text and choose the best alternative that answers the question. Questions 16-20.**

**LIFE CHANGING DAYS**

**Face Your Fears:** Do you scream when you see a spider or faint if you see a snake? Then you have herpetophobia! The best way to get over your creepy crawlies phobia is to face it! Come to Sandstone Wildlife Park where our experienced trainers can provide the support you need. You don’t have to do anything you don’t want to, but when you are ready, the keepers help you handle harmless snakes and other friendly reptiles. And if you want a real sense of achievement, you can even hold a tarantula!

**There’s No Business Like Show Business:** Have you ever dreamt of winning Pop Idol or writing a Top Ten hit? If so, come and learn all about the music business from our expert, Tom Bellamy, who has worked with EMI, MTV and dozens of top musicians. You learn all about the business, from making a demo CD to developing an image and signing a contract. He also gives advice about performing live, music publishing, PR and marketing. And if you already have a demo CD, bring it with you and get his professional opinion.

**The 007 Experience:** Why not go on a mission and learn what it takes to be a secret agent? Our highly trained ex-MI5 instructors will teach you all the essential spying skills. After a brief introduction to the course, you learn how to fire automatic pistols and rifles. You then try your hand at unarmed combat and escape techniques. After lunch, we show you how to hide surveillance cameras and use listening devices. Finally, you take part in a shoot-out with the other double agents, using high-tech laser guns.

**Change Your Image:** Do you want to find a new look that’s just right for you? Come for a consultation with us, and we give you a fantastic new image. Ladies, are you an Aphrodite or an Athena? Gentlemen, are you a Hercules or an Apollo? Get key advice about clothes that flatter your shape and color that suit you. We also analyse your face and tell you what hairstyles and accessories to use. We guarantee to give you more confidence—save you money on future shopping trips, too!

**The Chopper Experience:** Would you like to fly like a bird? Take our helicopter flight and get hands-on experience in the only flying machine that goes backwards and sideways, as well as forwards! Your pilot is a CAA qualified instructor and the flight counts towards a helicopter pilot’s license. During the flight, you wear headphones so you can talk to your pilot and hear his conversations with air traffic control. Finally you take the controls yourself—but don’t worry, your instructor does the take-off and landing.

16. If you choose The 007 Experience, you **will not** learn about ________.
   a. how to place a bug
   b. how to use a rifle
   c. how to escape from a dangerous situation
   d. how to assassinate somebody

17. When you choose Face Your Fears, you can overcome your ________.
   a. hadephobia
   b. herpetophobia
   c. heliophobia
   d. hematophobia

18. Choosing The Chopper Experience will let you ________.
   a. land a chopper
   b. take off in a chopper
   c. fly a chopper
   d. fix a chopper

19. Which of the following is **FALSE** according to the text?
   a. The keepers at Sandstone Wildlife Park wait for you to feel adjusted to the environment.
   b. You can listen to announcements made by air traffic control.
   c. Change Your Image experience also helps to save on clothes in the future too.
   d. You will have a CAA when you finish your chopper flying course.

20. Which of the following is **TRUE** according to the text?
   a. Change Your Image also gives fashion advice on health.
   b. You must have a demo CD to meet Tom Bellamy.
   c. You participate in a shoot-out with automatic rifles.
   d. You can learn different aspects of show business by choosing There’s No Business Like Show Business.
TEXT 3: Read the text and choose the best alternative that answers the question. Questions 21-25.

A. British man gets world’s ‘best job’!
A British man has beaten more than 34,000 applicants to get the position described as ‘the best job in the world’.
Ben Southhall, 34, was chosen from sixteen finalists after spending four days on Hamilton Island, in Australia’s Great Barrier Reef. The finalists had to show their swimming and snorkeling abilities and their blog-writing skills. Tourism Queensland announced that Southhall was the successful candidate in a reality TV show.
Southall’s job description? ‘to explore the islands of the Great Barrier Reef, swim, snorkel, make friends with the local people and generally enjoy the tropical climate and lifestyle.’ Southall also has to write a daily blog on the website and make a photo diary and videos as well as interviewing tourists and local people. For his island job, he’ll earn £73,500, and live in a three-bedroomed house with a swimming pool.

B. The Job Forum
Have you got an unusual or interesting job?
What’s the strangest job you’ve ever done?
Write and tell us!

Henry VIII re-enactor
For the past eighteen months I’ve had a full-time job as a Henry VIII re-enactor! I dressed up as Henry VIII and visit primary schools around the country to bring history to life. I try to help children imagine what life was like in 1509 when Henry became King of England. It’s great fun and much better than my old job as a computer operator!

Mike, Crewe

DVD tester
Last summer I worked as a DVD tester. I had to watch the DVDs and check they worked OK. I love films so it was very easy. The only problem was that I worked at night and it was hard not to fall asleep because I was often tired. In the morning I often couldn’t remember all the films I watched! I had to watch some terrible films, but I saw lots of good ones too.

Jane, Aberdeen

C. This week in Job Today we talk to Michelle Bush, who is a cook on a yacht.

JT: Michelle, when did you start the job?
MB: Seven years ago.
JT: What skills do you need?
MB: You need to be a good cook, friendly and hardworking. It helps if you have good people skills, too. If you get seasick, this is not the job for you. It’s difficult to prepare and cook food in a very small space when the boat is moving!
JT: What hours do you work?
MB: You can work part-time, but I often work fourteen hours a day, with no weekends off.
JT: What’s the best part of the job?
MB: I meet some interesting people and I travel a lot of exotic places.
JT: And the worst part?
MB: When the weather is bad, being on the yacht at sea is frightening. I don’t like that.

21. Which of the following information CANNOT be found on Ben’s story?
   a. Southall has to write a blog every day about life.
   b. The sixteen finalists enjoyed their four-day stay on the island.
   c. They announced that Southall got the job on a TV programme.
   d. The living conditions for the job are very good.

22. Which is TRUE about Mike’s job?
   a. Mike doesn’t want to work full-time.
   b. Mike would prefer to work as a computer operator.
   c. Mike doesn’t like working with primary school children.
   d. In his job, Mike has to wear special clothes.

23. Jane ________.
   a. works as a DVD tester now
   b. worked as a DVD tester for a long time
   c. liked working as a DVD tester
   d. thought the job wasn’t very easy

24. What was difficult about Jane’s job?
   a. Watching terrible films.
   b. Staying awake.
   c. Remembering the films she watched.
   d. Checking the DVDs.

25. Which of the following is TRUE about Michelle’s job?
   a. It isn’t easy to prepare the food when the boat is at sea.
   b. You don’t need any special skills to do it.
   c. She only ever works part-time, not full time.
   d. She thinks travelling in bad weather is exciting.
**TEXT 4:** Read the texts and choose the best alternative that answers the question. Questions 26-30.

**Comedy performances around the world**

1. **Stand-up** comedy is performed by one person, usually without any props apart from a microphone. It is characterized by a conversational storytelling style and usually comprises a series of humorous stories based on everyday observation or political events. Professional stand-up comics spend hours writing and perfecting their routines before a performance; indeed many spend years performing the same material until they have perfected it. But whether a routine works well or ‘bombs’ depends very much on the individual audience. Stand-up comics have to be able to think on their feet and react immediately to negative audience feedback.

2. **Rakugo** is a traditional Japanese art of comic storytelling, which has also been called ‘sit down comedy’. The comedian or storyteller, who usually wears traditional Japanese clothes, remains seated while performing a monologue with comic punch lines. Rakugo goes back to the end of the 17th century and about 300 classic stories are still performed today, along with new stories by contemporary artists. Traditionally, storytellers were male and today there are few female performers. Rakugo relies on the skill of the storyteller to portray different characters through clever changes of voice, facial expressions and mannerisms and using only a fan and small towel as props to represent different objects. Rakugo stories feature many puns as well as topics and customs which are particular to Japanese culture.

3. **Slapstick** is a very visual comedy with lots of physical action. The humour often results from comic timing and unexpected events and can be quite violent: tried and tested elements include people falling over, people being hit with various props and pie throwing. Slapstick goes back to mime in Greek and Roman times, but the actual word comes from a wooden instrument used in the Italian *comedia dell’arte* performances in the 16th century: when used to strike somebody on the bottom it produced a loud whack, much to the delight of the audience. The development of film in the nineteenth century led to a wider repertoire of jokes and more complex routines. Today many different types of humour feature elements of slapstick.

4. **Improvisational** comedy (or improv) is an ancient oral art which has been practiced throughout history all over the world. It is a form of theatre in which no script is used: the actors make up the plot and dialogue as they go along. Improvisers often ask the audience to name characters and a setting (for example, a blind secret agent and a cricket player at the dentist’s) and then they develop short spontaneous scenes within the framework of these suggestions. Good improv results from successful collaboration between participants: improvisers must listen carefully to their partners, accept their ideas and build upon them. The result is that the audience and the actors share a unique experience which can never be repeated. Humor usually arises naturally from the situation.

26. The text is MAINLY about ________.
   a. brief information on the same type of comedy performances
   b. how different types of comedies are performed
   c. why different types of comedy are performed
   d. the importance of comedy on people’s lives

27. Which of the following is the basic difference between Rakugo and Slapstick?
   a. They both dated back to very old times.
   b. The clothing style both Japanese and Italians have.
   c. Japanese and Italian sense of humour are totally different.
   d. The importance of timing and miming.

28. Which of the following is **NOT** mentioned in the given comedy types?
   a. What the performance relies on
   b. The role of the audience
   c. The elements of the comedies
   d. The duration of the performances

29. What do Stand-up and Improvisational share in common?
   a. The script they use in their performances.
   b. The collaboration between the performer and the audience.
   c. The importance of reaction coming from the audience.
   d. They can both use the same materials for a long time.

30. Which type of comedy would you **NOT** prefer if you do not like silly jokes?
   a. Stand up
   b. Improvisational
   c. Slapstick
   d. Rakugo
PART C - WRITING

TIME SUGGESTED: 60 minutes

WRITING TASK 1
WRITE AN ESSAY OF 300-350 WORDS IN RESPONSE TO THE FOLLOWING QUESTION.

Do you think having private health insurance is advantageous for people?

• You are advised to plan your writing before you start.
• The ideas in the box below are given to help you produce more ideas for your essay. You can use them to help you, but this is optional.
• Your plans/notes will not be graded.
• The essay will be graded according to:
  how explicit and well-explained your ideas are,
  how fully developed and elaborated your ideas are,
  how well you incorporate the language.

- Free medical check-ups
- Life insurance money
- Freedom of hospital choice
- In case of emergency
- 24/7 online consultancy
- Waste of money
- Companies are not trustworthy
- System does not work properly
- Not all hospitals welcome all patients
- Not all conditions are covered

WRITING TASK 2
LOOK AT THE GRAPH BELOW. IT SHOWS THE FERTILITY RATES IN AUSTRALIA. DESCRIBE THE GRAPH BY WRITING A PARAGRAPH REFERING TO THE MAIN FEATURES.
(75-100 WORDS)
PART D – USE OF ENGLISH

TIME SUGGESTED: 30 minutes

SECTION 1. VOCABULARY

CHOOSE THE CORRECT ALTERNATIVE.

31. The villagers had to leave their homes because of _________. They could hardly feed their babies.
   a. bonnet  b. tottering  c. obesity  d. famine

32. Please do not forget to __________ the iron before you leave home.
   a. roll  b. unplug  c. press  d. pass

33. While I was organising the bookcase, I __________ the photos of my grandparents’ wedding.
   a. came across  b. took back  c. went by  d. broke into

34. The class seemed __________ after the lecturer’s explanation.
   a. hypocritical  b. trivial  c. puzzled  d. reliable

35. Having spent almost seven years as flat mates, they started to have a/an ________ about house chores.
   a. glimpse  b. donation  c. row  d. evidence

36. The lightning hit the mountains throughout the night, so the children were __________ till the morning.
   a. wide awake  b. eye opening  c. worn out  d. bleak

37. He was so filled with ________ after losing his job, he stays in all the time and doesn’t want to see anybody.
   a. optimism  b. despair  c. rumour  d. bait

38. The referee __________ by adding ten extra minutes.
   a. let in a goal  b. made its debut  c. was a pain in the neck  d. made up for lost time

39. He __________ gardening and growing herbs in his garden after his wife passed away.
   a. took up  b. gave in  c. grew up  d. ran out

40. When he was ________ for murder, his two children were sent to the Society for the Protection of Children.
   a. kidnapped  b. arrested  c. hacked into  d. committed

SECTION 2. WORD FORMATION

CHOOSE THE CORRECT ALTERNATIVE.

41. He tried really hard to ________________ his fault; however, his fiancée didn’t even listen to him.
   a. justifiable  b. unjustifiable  c. justifiably  d. justify

42. There was no need to talk to her so ___________. It was clear that there was a misunderstanding.
   a. accuse  b. accusingly  c. accusation  d. accusing

43. I am tired of my mother’s ________ behaviours. She is always telling me what to do as if I were a child.
   a. manipulation  b. manipulate  c. manipulative  d. manipulator

44. It would be better if you did not ________ the boss’ decisions. He hates when people react him negatively.
   a. critic  b. criticise  c. critical  d. uncritical

45. The experts came and analysed the __________ just after the accident at the worksite.
   a. destruction  b. destroy  c. destructive  d. destructively
SECTION 3. ERROR RECOGNITION
EACH QUESTION HAS ONE MISTAKE. CHOOSE THE UNDERLINED PORTION THAT HAS THE MISTAKE.

46. My mum is always making **I study** for hours **even** when it is holiday.
   a. b. c. d.

47. I **might** have **dropped it on** my way to work, I am sure **about** it.
   a. b. c. d.

48. You are not **obliged** to **uploading the** results of our recent survey today; you have a full week for it.
   a. b. c. d.

49. Unfortunately, the fugitives **were hiding** in an old, shabby house **which** windows and doors **were broken**.
   a. b. c. d.

50. She **will have finished** her preparation for the exhibition **at** the end of next month and I hope people will love her **work**.
   a. b. c. d.
SECTION 4. CLOZE TEST
CHOOSE THE CORRECT ALTERNATIVE.

Three months ago I went on an expedition to climb Mount Kilimanjaro in Africa. I love climbing and for years my dream to get to the top of Kilimanjaro. I was sure I could do it. Little did I know that disaster was about to strike.

The first day passed without any incidents, but then my problems started. As we got higher, I found it more and more difficult to concentrate because there was less oxygen. I stopped looking at the ground, I could only think of reaching the summit.

All of a sudden, I heard a strange sound! I looked down – to my horror I was on a puff adder. I was absolutely terrified. These snakes many people each year and I was my foot on one! Fortunately, my foot was near its head so it couldn’t bite me. I managed to jump onto a rock, thankfully, just out of reach. The snake tried several times to bite me, but then it disappeared. As I was climbing off the rock, I slipped and fell and shattered my ankle. I hope I that again.

The other climbers managed to carry me down the mountain because they knew it would take rescuers a long time to arrive. I was in pain all the time and feeling sick and exhausted. At the bottom, a helicopter to take me to hospital. Thankfully, my leg was not permanently damaged and to climb Kilimanjaro if I have the chance! My brother, who is an experienced climber, laughed at the story and I to stand.

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SECTION 5. CLOZE TEST
CHOOSE THE CORRECT ALTERNATIVE.

What do you know about allergies?

(1) allergy is someone’s unusual reaction to substances which are normally harmless: animals, pollen, nuts, etc. It is hard to believe that items as varied as these can trigger the same symptoms. All these common allergens cause various allergic reactions in people. You can find them in the air, in food, at home and at work. If you are not allergic to (2), you can be surrounded by allergens and nothing will happen. But if you are allergic to a substance, your immune system treats it as an invader and produces chemicals which cause symptoms skin irritations, runny nose and diarrhea.

Allergies seem to be genetically transferred. This means that if one of your parents is allergic to something, you be allergic, too. The best treatment for allergy is prevention, avoiding contact with allergens. This may mean staying indoors when pollen counts are high, avoiding certain foods, having somebody bathe your pet or even giving it away. is important to act quickly when you notice the first symptoms. If you are scratching regularly or have a runny nose without other symptoms of a cold, this may mean that you have developed an allergy to something.

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51. a. is b. will be c. has been d. had been
52. a. have been training b. had been training c. am training d. will train
53. a. is b. has been c. was d. will be
54. a. was standing b. am standing c. have been standing d. am going to stand
55. a. are killing b. will kill c. killed d. kill
56. a. had b. have c. am having d. was having
57. a. never experience b. will never experience c. have never experienced d. never experienced
58. a. is waiting b. has been waiting c. was waiting d. had waited
59. a. am hoping b. hoped c. have hoped d. was hoping
60. a. will have reminded b. am reminding c. am going to be reminded d. will remind
61. a. A b. X c. An d. The
62. a. somewhere b. everywhere c. something d. everything
63. a. anything b. a thing c. something d. nothing
64. a. with b. of c. to d. by
65. a. as b. as much as c. such as d. such
66. a. must b. may c. have to d. should
67. a. that b. which c. who d. where
68. a. casually b. normally c. regularly d. immediately
69. a. This b. It c. That d. What
70. a. myself b. you c. yourself d. your
SECTION 6. SENTENCE TRANSFORMATION

CHOOSE THE ANSWER THAT HAS THE CLOSEST MEANING TO THE SENTENCE GIVEN.

71. You didn’t tell your boss about this and that wasn’t a good decision.
   a. You could have told your boss about this, it could be a good decision.
   b. You should tell your boss about this, it is a good decision.
   c. It would be a good decision to tell your boss about this.
   d. You should have told your boss about this, it would have been a good decision.

72. I haven’t eaten any ice cream since last summer.
   a. Last summer was the first time I had ever eaten ice cream.
   b. The last time I ate ice cream was last summer.
   c. I didn’t eat ice cream last summer.
   d. I hadn’t eaten ice cream until last summer.

73. I put on make-up and then I wore my dress.
   a. Before I wore my dress, I had put on make-up.
   b. After I had worn my dress, I put on make-up.
   c. When I was wearing my dress, I put on make-up.
   d. I had already worn my dress before I put on make-up.

74. At 10 o’clock tomorrow, I will be taking a test which lasts 45 minutes.
   a. At 09.15 o’clock tomorrow, I will take a test which lasts 45 minutes.
   b. At 11 o’clock tomorrow, I will have finished taking a test.
   c. At 09.45 o’clock tomorrow I will have taken a test.
   d. I am going to take a test at 10.45 tomorrow.

75. She never smoked when she was a university student.
   a. She has never smoked as a university student.
   b. She didn’t use to smoke when she was a university student.
   c. She isn’t used to smoking as a university student.
   d. She would smoke when she was a university student.

76. This will be June’s fourth trip to Chicago. She loves the city.
   a. June loves Chicago so she is going to visit the city again.
   b. June had already visited Chicago four times.
   c. June has already visited Chicago three times and she is going there again.
   d. June’s last trip to Chicago was her fourth trip there.

77. My advice for you is to finish all your tasks first.
   a. You have to finish all your tasks first.
   b. I should finish all my tasks first.
   c. You ought to finish all your tasks first.
   d. You can finish all your tasks first.

78. I think Mary and Mark will probably get married soon. They get on really well.
   a. Mary and Mark are going to get married soon, they get on really well.
   b. Mary and Mark are supposed to get married soon, they get on really well.
   c. Mary and Mark are planning to get married soon as they get on really well.
   d. Mary and Mark might get married soon, they get on really well.

79. They are criticizing me harshly now but I don’t think they are fair.
   a. I am being criticized harshly by them now but I don’t think they are fair.
   b. I am criticized harshly but they are not fair.
   c. They haven’t been fair when criticizing me.
   d. It was not fair to criticize me so harshly.

80. He didn’t tell me he had already watered the plants so I watered them again.
   a. I needn’t have watered the plants as he had already watered them.
   b. I didn’t need to water the plants since he had already watered them.
   c. I am not allowed to water the plants as he waters them.
   d. He might have watered the plants but I remember him telling me.